Kao's approach

Our initiatives

# Kao's approach

Kao is pursuing efficient resource utilization across the product lifecycle, as well as technologies to achieve further resource and energy savings.

# 2017 business operations and environmental impact



## Boundary of calculations

- \*1 Kao Group in Japan
- \*2 Kao Corporation
- \*3 All production sites
- \*4 All non-production sites (including training facilities, company dormitories, etc.)
- \*5 Consumer products
- \*6 Calculated by multiplying the per unit CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and water usage in the raw materials production stage (excluding Kao Group manufacturing processes) by the annual sales number of consumer and industrial products in 2017.
- \*7 Consumer products and industrial products. Figures for Japan are calculated based on the Energy Conservation Act. Figures for outside Japan are calculated multiplying the per unit CO<sub>2</sub> emissions during transport (calculated based on figures for Japan) by the quantity sold in each country and the estimated domestic transport distance in each country.
- \*8 Calculated by multiplying the per unit CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and water usage during use or per unit CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and water usage during disposal by the annual sales number of consumer products in 2017.

Kao's approach

Our initiatives

# INPUT

# •Raw materials

The amount of raw materials directly used to manufacture products (excluding packaging materials and fuel)

Packaging materials

The amount of packaging used for products sold (including corrugated box)

Energy consumption [product development/ manufacturing]

Total amount of energy consumed at manufacturing sites

 Energy consumption [distribution/sales (facilities and company cars)]

The amount of energy consumed at nonproduction sites and by vehicles (used for sales activities)

• Energy consumption [transportation] The amount of energy consumed during transportation of consumer products (from plants to distribution bases), industrial products, raw materials, etc.

## Water consumption

Industrial water, municipal water, underground water, rainwater consumed

# OUTPUT

## GHG emissions

Total amount of greenhouse gas emissions from sites (seven GHGs defined in the Kyoto Protocol) (in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent, Scope 1+2)

# ●CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

The amount of CO<sub>2</sub> emitted from manufacturing raw materials, consuming energy and decomposition of ingredients

# Wastewater discharged

The amount of wastewater discharged at production sites and consumer product use stages

# COD pollution load

The amount of COD pollution load in wastewater

Waste discharged and final disposal amount of waste

Of the waste generated from sites, the amount that is sold or entrusted as waste or recyclable materials to waste treatment companies, and the amount of waste for final disposal

# Packaging materials

Total amount of packaging materials (excluding corrugated box) used for products sold

# VOC emissions

Total amount of VOCs (volatile organic compounds) emitted into the atmosphere from production sites

# NOx emissions

Total amount of NOx emissions from smokeand-soot-emitting facilities and transportation

#### SOx emissions

Total amount of SOx emissions from smokeand-soot-emitting facilities and transportation

# Community

Governance