Highlights for FY2011 (Ended March 31, 2012)

April 24, 2012 Kao Corporation

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These presentation materials are available on our website in PDF format: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/presentations.html

Forward-looking statements such as earnings forecasts and other projections contained in these materials are based on information available at this time and assumptions that management believes to be reasonable. Actual results may differ materially from those expectations due to various factors.

Note: The yen amounts in these presentation materials are rounded down.





Summary of FY2011

Mid-term Growth Strategies

Summary of FY2012 Forecast



Summary of FY2011



Financial Overview of FY2011

- Kao surpassed its operating income forecast announced in July 2011 and improved ROE to 9.8%. Kao also plans to increase total cash dividends 2 yen per share to 60 yen per share.
- In Japan, the Kao Group's principal market, severe market conditions persisted, with the impact of the March 11 Great East Japan Earthquake, deflation in the household and personal care products market and contraction of the cosmetics market.
- Kao was impacted by higher raw material prices, the earthquake and flooding in Thailand, but focused on consumer-driven development of high-value-added products, control of expenses including marketing expenditures and cost reduction activities.
- Kao benefited from rebuilding its prestige cosmetics business in Japan and improved operating income significantly.

		<u>% of sales</u>	Year-on-year	
Net sales:	¥1,216.0 billion	-	+2.5%	
EBITA*:	¥142.1 billion	11.7%	+2.2%	
Operating income:	¥108.5 billion	8.9%	+3.8%	
Net income:	¥52.4 billion	4.3%	+12.2%	
Net income per share:	¥100.46	-	+14.6%	
ROE:	9.8%		+130bps	
Shareholder returns Cash dividends per share: Consolidated payout ratio:	¥60 59.7%	ŧ	¥2 increase	

* Operating income before amortization of goodwill and intellectual property rights related to M&A

Summary of Sales by Business – FY2011

Consumer Products in Japan: +1.8%¹

- The household and personal care products market contracted by 1.0% year-on-year ², impacted by the earthquake.
- In Consumer Products excluding prestige cosmetics, Kao focused on high-value-added products and enhanced sales activities, and sales grew year-on-year despite the impact of the earthquake, severe market conditions and deflation.
- Prestige cosmetics increased its share of Japan's contracting market (-3.5%³). Operating income also improved significantly from rebuilding the business.

Consumer Products in Asia and Oceania: +6.6% (Like-for-like +11.8%)

Operating income decreased slightly year-on-year due to up-front marketing investment and higher raw material prices.

Consumer Products in North America: -2.7% (Like-for-like +6.6%) Consumer Products in Europe: +1.3% (Like-for-like +5.1%)

Sales increased year-on-year on a like-for-like basis with the effect of new products but operating income decreased year-on-year due to up-front marketing investment.

Chemical: +6.7% (Like-for-like +10.0%)

- Sales volume in Japan decreased as demand in customer industries declined mainly due to the earthquake, flooding in Thailand and the stronger yen. Sales outside Japan were strong, mainly of oleo chemicals.
- Operating income increased outside Japan, but decreased in Japan mainly due to the impact of decreased demand from customer industries.
- 1: Percentages for each business show year-on-year change in sales. Like-for-like change excludes the effect of currency translation.

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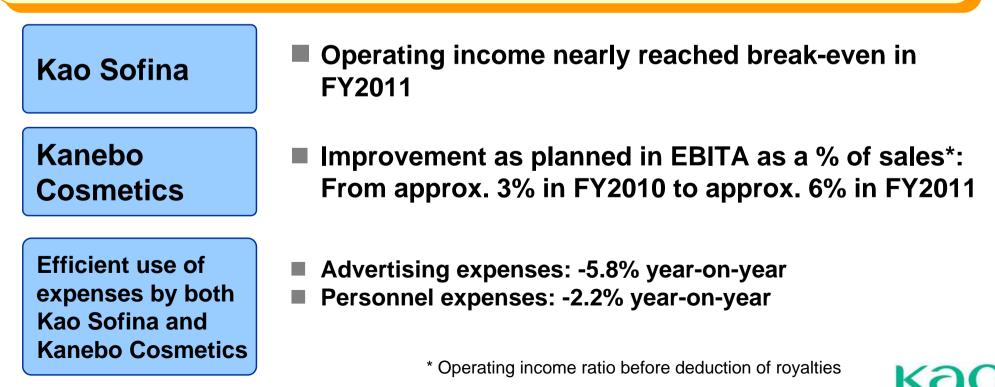


Prestige Cosmetics Business in Japan – FY2011

Rebuilding prestige cosmetics business in Japan:

Reform of brands

- Narrow down number of brands
- Reform of marketing
 - Series A Raise efficiency of marketing expenditures
- Reform of sales methods
 - Solution of human capital
 - Create synergy between the sales activities of Kao Customer Marketing Co., Ltd. and Kanebo Cosmetics Sales Inc.



Mid-term Growth Strategies



Kao's Mid-term Growth Strategies

Use Kao's innovative technology to raise its competitive advantage in the global market and achieve profitable growth

[Consumer Products Business]

- Further reinforcement of business in Japan, the Kao Group's profit base
- □ Accelerated globalization
 - ✤ Mature markets:
 - Achieve further growth driven by high-value-added products
 - ✤ Growth markets:
 - Invest management resources to strengthen focal strategic brands
 - Establish corporate identity (CI)

[Chemical Business]

□ Rapid progress toward an eco-chemical business

Further Reinforcement of Business in Japan, the Kao Group's Profit Base

 Achieve further growth driven by high-value-added products in Consumer Products excluding prestige cosmetics
→ Increase operating income with sales expansion that outpaces market growth of 2-3%

Provide high-value-added products

Functional value e.g. *Cleansing performance with mildness to skin*

Emotional value e.g. Proposal for relaxation using aroma and design

Add a business model that addresses social issues

Social value

- Senvironment e.g. Technologies for detergent that saves water and electricity
- Health e.g. Health solution combining a support campaign for healthy lifestyles and functional beverages
- Society e.g. Proposals of high-value-added products for skin care, hair care and oral care, universal design for products

• Use the high potential of the Kao Group to improve social value

Directly connected to future global strategies

Accelerated Globalization in Mature Markets

North America and Europe

Build mega brands in the Beauty Care Business Bioré, Curél, Jergens, John Frieda, Goldwell, Molton Brown, SENSAI

Integrate management of the Beauty Care Business in North America and Europe

- Prioritize business strategies
- > Optimize use of costs

Asia (Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore)

Promptly rollout high-value-added products that are successful in Japan

Accelerated Globalization in Growth Markets

 Invest management resources to strengthen focal strategic brands
Establish corporate identity (CI)

- Prioritize countries with large populations and high growth potential
 - > China, Indonesia, Vietnam, Russia, etc.
- Categories with sizable markets targeting mid-tier consumers
 - Focus on laundry detergents, baby diapers, sanitary napkins and others
 - Differentiated technologies
 - Cost-competitive advantage

Measures for China, the Top-priority Growth Market

Sales of Consumer Products business: FY2011: Approximately 15 billion yen → By FY2015: Approximately 50 billion yen

Strengthen categories with sizable markets targeting mid-tier consumers

- Introduce products appropriate for the Chinese market, with a focus on laundry detergents, baby diapers and sanitary napkins
- Expand Kao's distribution network nationwide through new sales channels
 - Number of cities where Kao products are sold: Current approximately 90 → More than 400 in the near future
- Full-scale production of baby diapers at a new manufacturing facility from the end of 2012
- Expand sales of prestige cosmetics
 - Expansion of Kanebo Cosmetics into the cosmetics specialty store channel and inland areas with the September 2011 launch of AQUA Lunash skin care, in addition to strengthening of department store and high-end drugstore channels

Global Integrated Management of Consumer Products Business

Integration of business operations in Asia, including Japan

[2006-]

- Standardize business processes
- Cooperate
- Share The Kao Way

Integrated management of the Beauty Care Business in North America and Europe

[2012-]
Matrix management of business units and functions
Unified management in each country

Global integrated management of the Consumer Products Business

[2013-] Integrated management encompassing Japan, Asia, North America and Europe

Accelerate globalization to achieve 50% of sales from outside Japan

Growth and development in Japan is fundamental

[Response to changes in the consumers and market in Japan → Address social issues through core businesses]

Rapid Progress toward an Eco-chemical Business

Growth from environmentally conscious products

Innovation led by Eco-Technology Research Center



Focus on information-related materials markets

- Major products:
 - Toner and toner binder for copiers and printers
 - Polishing agents for hard disks



Expansion of business in BRICs

- Major products:
 - ♦ Fatty alcohols
 - ♦ Fatty amines





Kao

Rapid Progress toward an Eco-chemical Business

Main eco-chemical products that Kao currently sells

- High-speed, low-fusion-temperature toner and toner binder for copiers and printers
- ECOLA, an improved plant-based polylactide resin that is attracting attention
- Fomesaline 700, low-temperature steel cleaning agent
- Coolrinse, low-temperature steel rinsing agent

Sales expansion with differentiated eco-chemical products using research achievements from Eco-Technology Research Center



Improve Corporate Governance

To expand business areas in tandem with globalization and further evolve business in Japan

- Strengthen supervision over execution of business
- Accelerate execution of business

O Increase in outside Directors:	Currently 2	3
O Decrease the total number of members of the Board of		
Directors:	Currently 15	10
O Reinforce the organization of Executive Officers		
Increase the number of Executive Officers:	Currently 26	28
Establish four new positions with the title of Senior Ex	xecutive	
Vice President or Executive Vice President and witho	out	
concurrent positions in the Board of Directors		
O Shorten the term of office of each Director:	Currently 2 years - 1	year

* These changes are to be made effective after the necessary resolutions of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Kao Corporation, which is scheduled to be held on June 28, 2012, and/or the meeting of the Board of Directors to follow immediately thereafter.

Summary of FY2012 Forecast

Fiscal year end will be December 31 from FY2012¹

Term of consolidation for FY2012 as a transitional period

- Group companies whose fiscal year end is currently March 31²: April-December 2012
- Group companies whose fiscal year end is currently December 31: January-December 2012

Record dates for FY2012

- Interim dividend: End of September 2012
- Year-end dividend: End of December 2012

Adjusted year-on-year growth rate Comparison with the nine-month period from April 1 to December 31, 2011 for group companies with a fiscal year end in March

^{1.} Approval of partial amendments to Articles of Incorporation at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Kao Corporation to be held on June 28, 2012 is required.

^{2.} Kao Corporation and certain consolidated subsidiaries with the same fiscal year end

Summary of FY2012 Forecast

In a persistently uncertain business environment, with higher petrochemical raw material prices, the outlook for the world economy and deflation in the Japanese market for household and personal care products, Kao will pursue profitable growth globally with its differentiated technologies and high-value-added products. Kao forecasts increases in net sales and profits on an adjusted year-on-year basis in FY2012, excluding the impact of the irregular 9-month fiscal year for Kao Corporation and certain consolidated subsidiaries with a fiscal year end of March 31 due to the change in the fiscal year end. Kao also plans to increase total cash dividends 2 yen per share to 62 yen per share.

		<u>% of sales</u>	Adjusted <u>year-on-year</u> ¹
Net sales:	¥1,020.0 billion		+1.2%
EBITA ² :	¥123.8 billion	12.1%	-0.2%
Operating income:	¥100.0 billion	9.8%	+1.6%
Net income:	¥60.0 billion	5.9%	+16.1%
Net income per share:	¥114.98		+16.0%
ROE:	10.9%		+110bps
Shareholder returns Cash dividends per share: Consolidated payout ratio:	¥62 53.9%		+¥2

1 Year-on-year comparison excluding the impact of change in fiscal year (see slide 18 for details)

2 Operating income before amortization of goodwill and intellectual property rights related to M&A

Use of Free Cash Flow*

Use steadily generated free cash flow effectively in order of priority shown below from an EVA standpoint toward further growth.

- 1. Capital expenditures and M&A for future growth
- 2. Steady and continuous cash dividends

FY2012 forecast

Cash dividends per share: ¥62
Consolidated payout ratio: 53.9%

3. Share repurchases and repayment of interest-bearing debt including borrowings

* Free cash flow = Net cash provided by operating activities + Net cash used in investing activities





Business Segments and Main Product Categories

Consumer Products Business

Consumer Products

Business

Beauty Care

FY2011 sales: ¥537.9 billion [+0.8% year-on-year / Share of net sales: 44.2%]

Professional hair care products **Prestige cosmetics** Premium skin care Premium hair care







driven

Fabric and Home Care

FY2011 sales: ¥285.6 billion [+2.4% year-on-year / Share of net sales: 23.5%]

Laundry detergents and fabric treatments Products for kitchen, bath, toilet and living room care



Human Health Care

FY2011 sales: ¥181.7 billion

[+3.4% year-on-year / Share of net sales: 15.0%]

Beverages

Oral care

Blood circulation enhancement products (incl. bath additives and thermal pads)

Chemical

FY2011 sales: ¥247.6 billion

[+6.7% year-on-year / Share of net sales: 17.3%]

Sanitary products

Oleo chemicals

Performance chemicals

Specialty chemicals



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Business

Note: Sales include intersegment sales. Share of net sales is calculated based on sales to customers.

FY2011 Breakdown of Beauty Care Business

		Billion yen	Increase (Decrease) ¹
Beauty Care	Net sales	537.9	0.8%
	Operating income ²	15.4	+9.8
	Operating margin	2.9%	+190bps
Prestige cosmetics	Net sales	259.9	2.2%
	Operating income ²	-17.3	+11.8
	Operating margin	-6.7%	+480bps
Premium mass products and professional hair care products	s Net sales	277.9	-0.4%
	Operating income ²	32.7	-1.9
	Operating margin	11.8%	-60bps

Kanebo Cosmetics

 Net sales: Approx. ¥190 billion (FY2010: Slightly less than ¥190 billion)
EBITA as a % of sales³ : Approx. 6% (FY2010: Approx. 3%)

- 1. Increase (decrease) in percent for net sales and billion yen for operating income
- 2. Includes amortization of goodwill and intellectual property rights related to M&A
 - Beauty Care: ¥33.4 billion
 - Prestige cosmetics: ¥28.4 billion
 - Premium mass products and professional hair care products: ¥5.0 billion
- 3. Operating income ratio before deduction of royalties

Prestige Cosmetics in Japan in FY2011

	Cosmetics market in Japan		
[Year-on-year g	rowth on a value (yen) basis]	Apr. 11-Mar. 12	Apr. 10-Mar. 11
Total market		-3.5%	-3.2%
High-price	ed segment (over 5,000 yen):	-4.4%	-3.2%
Mid-price	d segment (2,000-5,000 yen):	-4.2%	-5.4%
Low-price	d segment (below 2,000 yen):	-1.2%	+0.4%
Kao Group t	Otal (Kanebo Cosmetics + Kao Sofina)	+1.6%	-1.0%

Source: SLI survey by INTAGE Inc. (Data based on tracking service of 40,060 female consumers nationwide in Japan)

SRI Indexes and External CSR Evaluation

SRI indexes for which Kao has been selected







CSR-related evaluation from external organization



CSR: Corporate Social Responsibility SRI: Socially Responsible Investment (As of April 24, 2012)



